

CeraLink

Ceramic capacitor for fast-switching power electronic circuits

Series/Type: Flex Assembly (FA)

Ordering code: B58035U* Date: 2024-02-19

Version: 6.5

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Ceramic capacitor for fast-switching power electronic circuits

Flex Assembly (FA)

Known customer applications

- Power converters and inverters
- DC link / snubber capacitor for power converters and inverters

Features

- High ripple current capability
- High capacitance density
- Increasing capacitance with DC bias up to operating voltage
- No limitation of dV/dt
- High temperature robustness with low losses at high temperature
- Low equivalent serial inductance (ESL) and resistance (ESR)
- Ideal for high frequencies up to several MHz
- Generally low self-heating and good thermal self-regulating properties
- Qualification based on AEC-Q200 rev. D

Construction

- Multilayer technology
- RoHS-compatible PLZT ceramic (lead lanthanum zirconium titanate, see RoHS exemption 7c-II). For detailed information please refer to the <u>TDK Environmental protection website</u>.
- Copper inner electrodes
- Silver outer electrodes
- Silver coated copper-invar lead frame
- Epoxy resin adhesive

General technical data

Dissipation factor	$ an \delta$	< 0.02	
Insulation resistance	R _{ins,typ} *)	> 0.1	GΩ
Operating device temperature	T _{device}	-40 +150	°C

^{*)} Typical insulation resistance, measured at operating voltage V_{op} and measurement time > 240 s, +25 °C





Ceramic capacitor for fast-switching power electronic circuits

Flex Assembly (FA)

Overview of available types

			V _{R,Tmax} (V _{DC})		
		500	700	900	
	0.5			FA2	
	0.75			FA3	
	1		FA2		
•	1.5		FA3		
C _{nom,typ} (µF)	2	FA2			
(με)	2.5			FA10	
	3	FA3			
	5		FA10		
	10	FA10			

Electrical specifications and ordering codes

Туре	V _{pk,max}	V _{R,Tmax} *)	V _{op}	C _{nom,typ} µF	C _{eff,typ} μF	C₀ μF	Ordering code
FA2	650	500	400	2	1.20	0.70 ±20%	B58035U5205M062 B58035U5205M052**)
	1000	700	600	1	0.50	0.28 ±20%	B58035U7105M062 B58035U7105M052 **)
	1300	900	800	0.5	0.26	0.14 ±20%	B58035U9504M062 ***) B58035U9504M052 **) ***)
FA3	650	500	400	3	1.80	1.05 ±20%	B58035U5305M062 B58035U5305M052**)
	1000	700	600	1.5	0.75	0.42 ±20%	B58035U7155M062 B58035U7155M052**)
	1300	900	800	0.75	0.39	0.21 ±20%	B58035U9754M062 ***) B58035U9754M052 **)***)
FA10	650	500	400	10	6.00	3.50 ±20%	B58035U5106M001
	1000	700	600	5	2.50	1.40 ±20%	B58035U7505M001
	1300	900	800	2.5	1.30	0.70 ±20%	B58035U9255M001 ***)

 $^{^{\}circ}$ V_{R,Tmax} denotes the permissible rated voltage for the maximum device temperature T_{max} = +150 °C (measured on the ceramic surface). Operation at higher rated voltage V_R > V_{R,Tmax} is possible, where the permissible rated voltage V_R can be extracted from the temperature derating curves on the next page.

Aging

The capacitance has an aging behavior which shows a decrease of capacitance with time. The typical aging rate is about 2.5% per logarithmic decade in hours.

^{**)} smaller packaging unit (180-mm reel), see section "Packaging" for details

[&]quot;")This part is affected by "Dual Use" regulations according to the law of the country the production site is located in. Deliveries of such products are subject to prior approval of the respective local authorities based on customer declarations. The delivery to certain countries may be restricted.



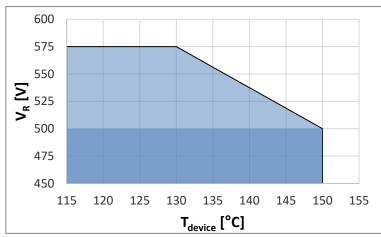
Ceramic capacitor for fast-switching power electronic circuits

Flex Assembly (FA)

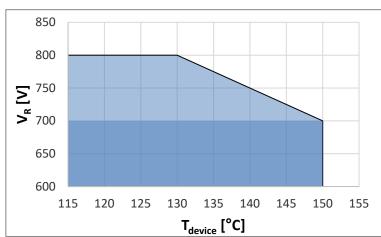
Rated voltage V_R and temperature derating

The CeraLink FA series can be operated at elevated rated voltage, i.e. $V_R \ge V_{R,Tmax}$. However, the device temperature of the component (measured on the ceramic surface) should be kept within the temperature-derated conditions detailed in the following graphs. Higher device temperatures are permissible at reduced lifetime depending on mission profile.

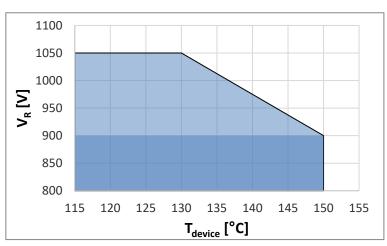
 $V_{R,Tmax} = 500 V$ (B58035U5*)



 $V_{R,Tmax} = 700 V$ (B58035U7*)



 $V_{R,Tmax} = 900 V$ (B58035U9*)

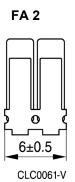


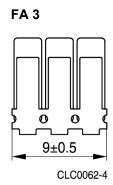


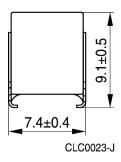
Ceramic capacitor for fast-switching power electronic circuits

Flex Assembly (FA)

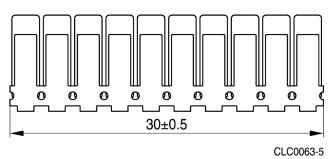
Dimensional drawings





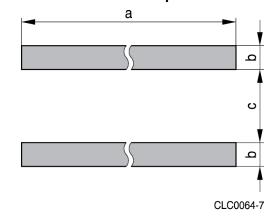






Dimensions in mm

Recommended solder pads



Type	а	b	С
FA2	7	2.85	5
FA3	10	2.85	5
FA10	31	2.85	5

Dimensions in mm

PPD PI AE/IE PD

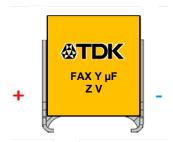
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Ceramic capacitor for fast-switching power electronic circuits

Flex Assembly (FA)

Polarity and marking of components



Manufacturer's logo

X = CeraLink FA type (e.g. FA2)

Y = Nominal capacitance

Z = Rated voltage

Note that polarity is only for incoming inspection purposes and it does not affect operation. If put under reverse rated voltage V_R , CeraLink is repoled and works identically, see our <u>CeraLink Technical</u> <u>Guide</u> for further details.

Typical values as a design reference for CeraLink applications

Туре	V _{R,Tmax}	Weight	ESR 0 V DC, 0.5 V AC (RMS), 25 °C, 1 kHz	ESR 0 V DC, 0.5 V AC (RMS), 25 °C, 1 MHz	ESL	l _{op} *) V _{op} , 100 kHz, T _{amb} = 85 °C	l _{op} *) V _{op} , 100 kHz, T _{amb} = 105 °C
	V	G	Ω	$m\Omega$	nH	ARMS	ARMS
FA2		2.3	3	5		17	14
FA3	500	3.5	2	4	3	20	17
FA10		11.5	1	3	2	47	38
FA2		2.3	6	17	2	12	11
FA3	700	3.5	4	12	3	16	13
FA10		11.5	1	5	2	39	30
FA2		2.3	11	29	2	8	7
FA3	900	3.5	7	20	3	11	9
FA10		11.5	2	7	2	32	23

^{*)} Normal operating current without forced cooling at T_{device} = +150 °C. Higher values permissible at reduced lifetime.



Ceramic capacitor for fast-switching power electronic circuits Flex Assembly (FA)

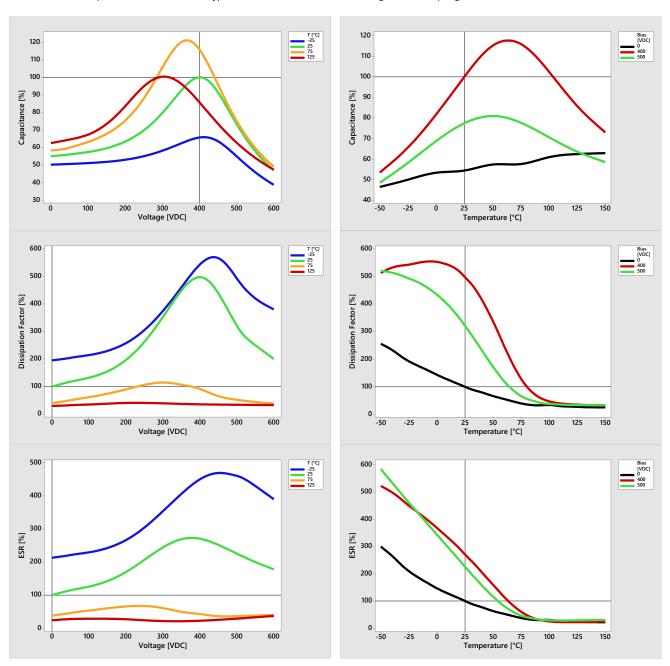
Application Notes

Further typical electrical characteristics as a design reference for CeraLink applications

Typical characteristics as a function of temperature and voltage – $V_{R,Tmax}$ = 500 V (0.5 V AC (RMS), frequency = 1 kHz)

All given temperatures are device temperatures (measured on the ceramic surface).

The curves show the relative changes of the capacitance, dissipation factor and ESR. The 100%-values correspond to $tan\delta$, $C_{eff,typ}$ and $tan\delta$, $tan\delta$,

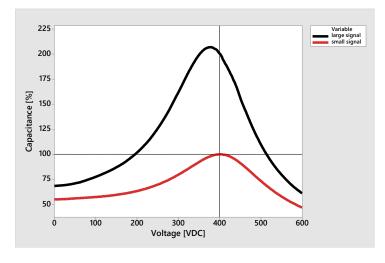




Ceramic capacitor for fast-switching power electronic circuits Flex Assembly (FA)

Typical capacitance values as a function of voltage – $V_{R,Tmax}$ = 500 V

(valid for FA2, FA3 and FA10)



Large signal capacitance:

Quasistatic (slow variation of the voltage), +25 °C

The nominal capacitance is defined as the large signal capacitance at V_{op} . See glossary for further information.

Small signal capacitance:

0.5 V AC (RMS), 1 kHz, +25 °C

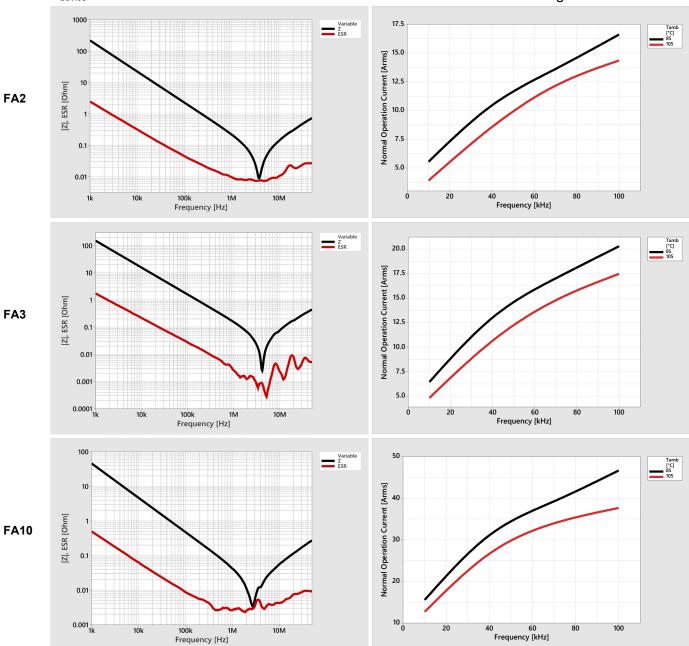
The effective capacitance is defined as the small signal capacitance at $V_{\rm op}$.



Ceramic capacitor for fast-switching power electronic circuits Flex Assembly (FA)

Typical impedance, ESR and permissible current as a function of frequency – $V_{R,Tmax}$ = 500 V

0 V DC, 0.5 V AC (RMS), T_{device} = +25 °C Measurements performed at $V_{\rm op}$. The values correspond to a device temperature of +150 °C. No forced cooling was used.



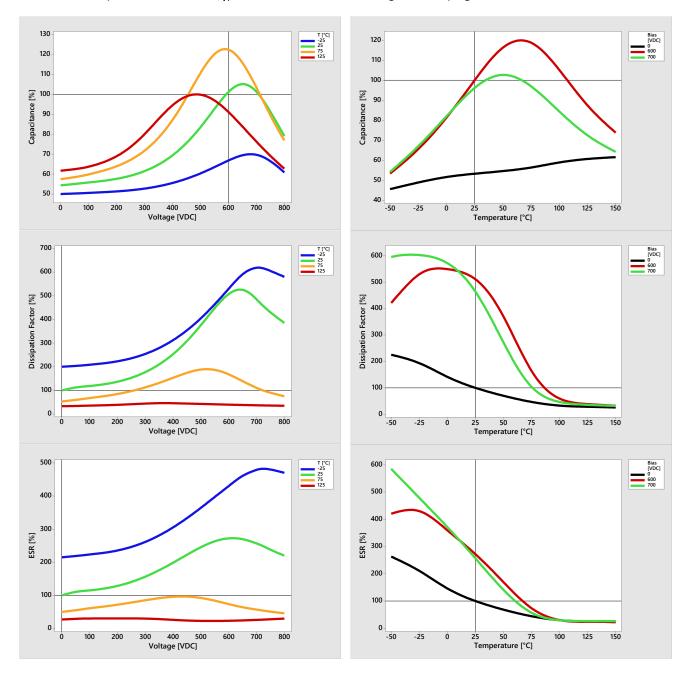


Ceramic capacitor for fast-switching power electronic circuits Flex Assembly (FA)

Typical characteristics as a function of temperature and voltage – $V_{R,Tmax}$ = 700 V (0.5 V AC (RMS), frequency = 1 kHz)

All given temperatures are device temperatures (measured on the ceramic surface).

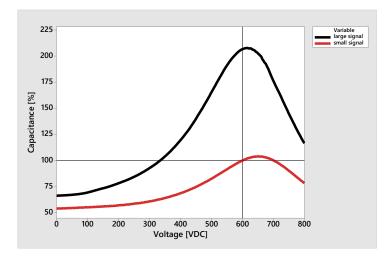
The curves show the relative changes of the capacitance, dissipation factor and ESR. The 100%-values correspond to $tan\delta$, $C_{eff,typ}$ and ESR_{1kHz} which are given on page 2, 3 and 6 of this data sheet.





Ceramic capacitor for fast-switching power electronic circuits Flex Assembly (FA)

Typical capacitance values as a function of voltage – $V_{R,Tmax}$ = 700 V (valid for FA2, FA3 and FA10)



Large signal capacitance:

Quasistatic (slow variation of the voltage), +25 °C

The nominal capacitance is defined as the large signal capacitance at V_{op}. See glossary for further information.

Small signal capacitance:

0.5 V AC (RMS), 1 kHz, +25 °C

The effective capacitance is defined as the small signal capacitance at V_{op}.



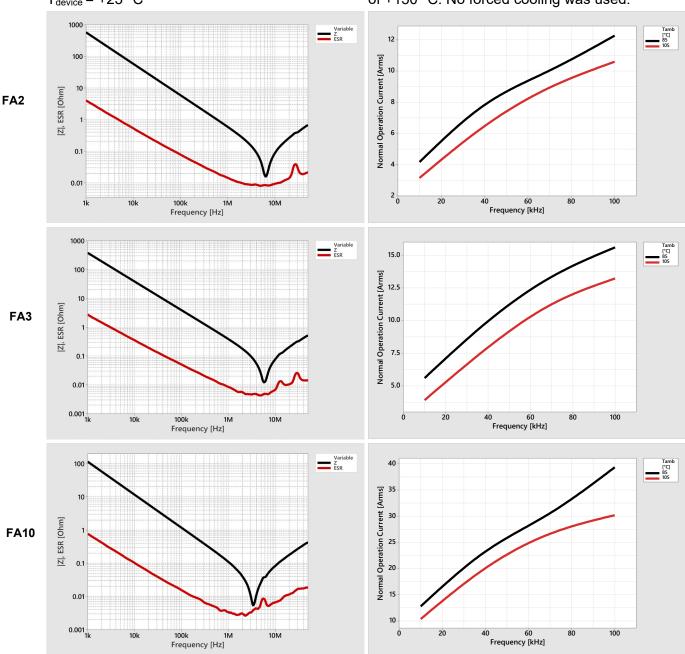
Ceramic capacitor for fast-switching power electronic circuits Flex Assembly (FA)

Typical impedance, ESR and permissible current as a function of frequency – $V_{R,Tmax}$ = 700 V

0 V DC 0.5 V AC (RMS)

T_{device} = +25 °C

Measurements performed at $V_{\rm op}$. The values correspond to a device temperature of +150 °C. No forced cooling was used.



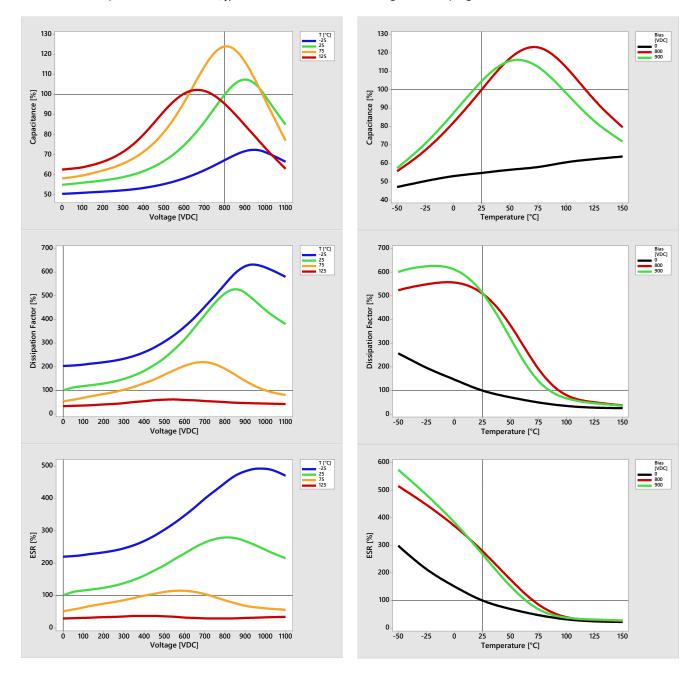


Ceramic capacitor for fast-switching power electronic circuits Flex Assembly (FA)

Typical characteristics as a function of temperature and voltage – $V_{R,Tmax}$ = 900 V (0.5 V AC (RMS), frequency = 1 kHz)

All given temperatures are device temperatures (measured on the ceramic surface).

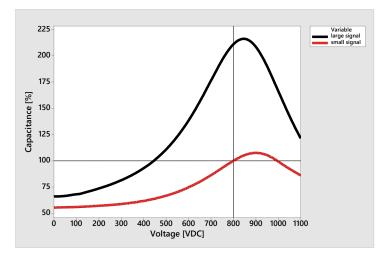
The curves show the relative changes of the capacitance, dissipation factor and ESR. The 100%-values correspond to $tan\delta$, $C_{eff,typ}$ and ESR_{1kHz} which are given on page 2, 3 and 6 of this data sheet.





Ceramic capacitor for fast-switching power electronic circuits Flex Assembly (FA)

Typical capacitance values as a function of voltage – $V_{R,Tmax}$ = 900 V (valid for FA2, FA3 and FA10)



Large signal capacitance:

Quasistatic (slow variation of the voltage), +25 °C

The nominal capacitance is defined as the large signal capacitance at V_{op} . See glossary for further information.

Small signal capacitance:

0.5 V AC (RMS), 1 kHz, +25 °C

The effective capacitance is defined as the small signal capacitance at V_{op}.



Ceramic capacitor for fast-switching power electronic circuits Flex Assembly (FA)

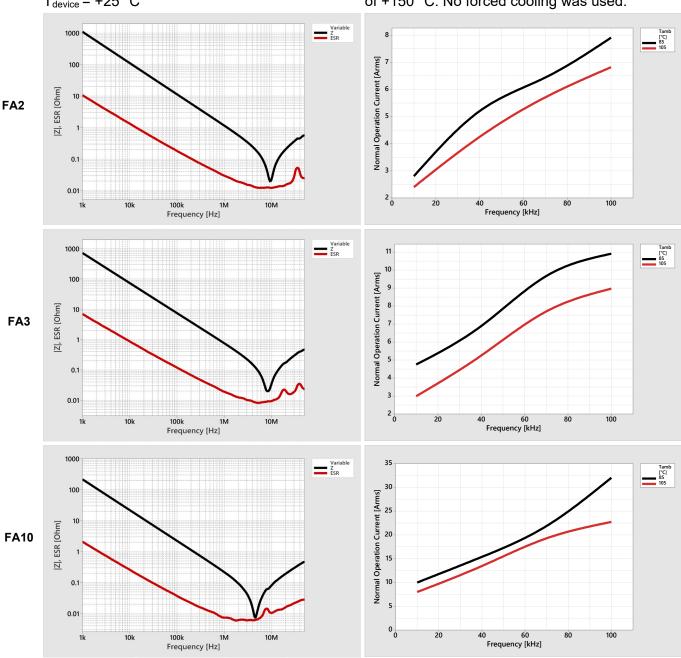
Typical impedance, ESR and permissible current as a function of frequency -

 $V_{R,Tmax} = 900 V$

0 V DC 0.5 V AC (RMS)

 $T_{\text{device}} = +25 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$

Measurements performed at $V_{\rm op}$. The values correspond to a device temperature of +150 °C. No forced cooling was used.



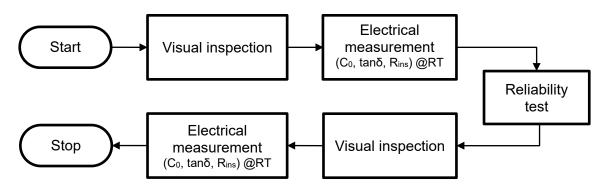


Ceramic capacitor for fast-switching power electronic circuits

Flex Assembly (FA)

Reliability: Test methods and conditions

General test flow



Pre- and post-measurement for AEC-Q200 tests

A. Preconditioning:

- Reflow solder the capacitor on a PCB using the recommended soldering profile
- Check of external appearance
- Measurement of isolation resistance R_{ins}*)
 - Apply V_{pk,max} for 7 seconds and measure R_{ins} at room temperature: Isolation resistance (@ V_{pk,max}, 7 s, 25 °C) $R_{ins} > 100 M\Omega$
- Measurement of electrical parameters C0 and tanδ according to specification
 - Measure C_0 and $tan\delta$ within 10 minutes to 1 hour afterwards: Initial capacitance (@ 0 V DC, 0.5 V AC (RMS), 1 kHz, 25 °C) C₀ acc. spec. on page 3 Dissipation factor (@ 0 V DC, 0.5 V AC (RMS), 1 kHz, 25 °C) $tan\delta < 0.02$

B. Performance of a specific reliability test.

C. After performing a specific test:

- Check the external appearance again
- Repeat the measurement of the electrical parameters
 - Apply V_{pk,max} for 7 seconds and measure R_{ins} at room temperature: Isolation resistance (@ V_{pk,max}, 7 s, 25 °C)

 $R_{ins} > 100 M\Omega$

Measure C and $tan\delta$:

Change of initial capacitance (@ 0 V DC, 0.5 V AC (RMS), 1 kHz, 25 °C) $|\Delta C_0| < 15\%$

Dissipation factor (@ 0 V DC, 0.5 V AC (RMS), 1 kHz, 25 °C)

 $tan\delta < 0.05$

^{*)} Note that the measurement of the isolation resistance Rins using the described measurement conditions is for pre- and post-measurement within the scope of the AEC-Q200 reliability tests only (see next page for details).



Ceramic capacitor for fast-switching power electronic circuits

Flex Assembly (FA)

Test conditions and criteria

	Test	No.	Test method	Test conditions	Criteria
	Pre- and Post- Stress Electrical	1	-	As described above	Common failure criteria *)
	High Temperature Exposure	3	MIL-STD-202 Method 108	+150 °C, unpowered, 1000 hours	No mechanical damage. Common failure criteria *).
	Temperature Cycling	4	JESD22-A-104	-55 °C to +150 °C, \leq 20 seconds transfer time, 15 minutes dwell time, 1000 cycles	No mechanical damage. Common failure criteria *).
	Destructive Physical Analysis (DPA)	5	EIA-469	-	No internal defects that might affect performance or reliability
	Biased Humidity	7	MIL-STD-202 Method 103	+85 °C, 85% rel. hum., $V_{\text{R,Tmax}}$, 1000 hours	No mechanical damage. Common failure criteria *).
Teg	High Temperature Operating Life	8	MIL-STD-202 Method 108	+150 °C, V _{R,Tmax} , 1000 hours	No mechanical damage. Common failure criteria *).
Tests based	External Visual	9	MIL-STD-883 Method 2009	Visual inspection with magnifying glass	No defects that might affect performance
on	Physical Dimension	10	JESD22 JB-100	Verify physical dimensions to the device specification using a caliper	Within specified tolerance in the chapter construction
	Resistance to Solvent	12	MIL-STD-202 Method 215	Dipping and cleaning with isopropanol	Marking must be legible. Common failure criteria*).
Q200	Mechanical Shock	13	MIL-STD-202 Method 213	Acceleration 400 m/s², half-sine pulse, duration 6 msec, 4000 bumps	No mechanical damage. Common failure criteria *).
AEC-Q200 Rev. D	Vibration	14	MIL-STD-202 Method 204	5 g / 20 min, 12 cycles, 3 axes, 10 Hz to 2000 Hz	No mechanical damage. Common failure criteria *).
	Solderability	18	See below		
(Table 2)	Board Flex	21	AEC-Q200-005	Bending of 2 mm for 60 seconds Support Solder Chip Printed circuit board before testing (No mechanical damage. Common failure criteria *).
				Printed circuit board under tost Displacement Displacement	
	Terminal Strength (SMD)	22	AEC-Q200-006	Apply a force of 17.7 N for 60 seconds Pushing force P.C.Board	No detaching of termination. No rupture of ceramic. Common failure criteria *).

 $^{^*)}$ Common failure criteria: $R_{ins},\,|\Delta C_0/C_0|$ and $tan\delta$ within defined limits.



Ceramic capacitor for fast-switching power electronic circuits F

Flex Assembly (FA)

	Test	Test method	Test conditions	Criteria
S	Wettability (leadframe only)	J-STD-002, Method A @ 235 °C, cat. 3	Dip test of contact areas in solder bath (+235 °C for 5 ±0.5 seconds)	> 95% wettability of lead frame
older	Leaching test (leadframe only)	MIL-STD-202, Method 210, cond. B	Dip test of contact areas in solder bath (+260 °C for 10 seconds)	No damage of lead frame silver coating
ability	Reflow test	-	3 times recommended reflow soldering profile	No mechanical damage. Proper solder coating of contact areas. Common failure criteria *).

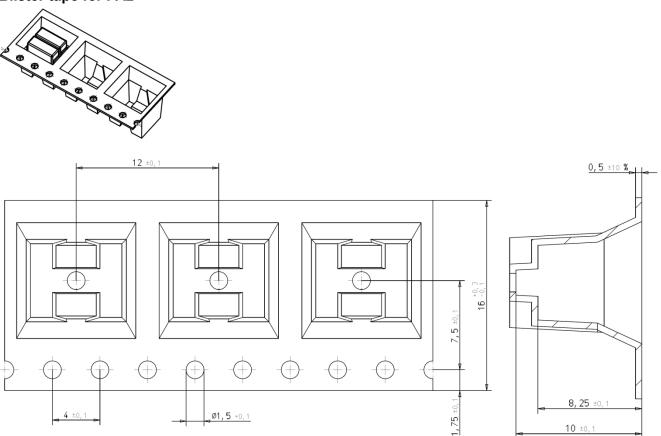


Ceramic capacitor for fast-switching power electronic circuits Flex Assembly (FA)

Packaging

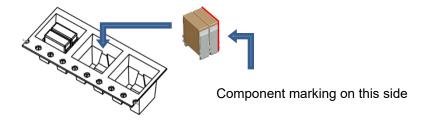
- The CeraLink FA2 type is delivered in a blister tape (taping to IEC 60286-3, 180-mm / 330-mm reel available with 110 / 500 pieces per reel).
- The CeraLink FA3 type is delivered in a blister tape (taping to IEC 60286-3, 180-mm / 330-mm reel available with 100 / 350 pieces per reel).
- The CeraLink FA10 type is delivered in a cardboard box with 100 pieces per box.

Blister tape for FA2



Part orientation

The part-orientation/polarity is the same for all CeraLink FA2 capacitors within the blister tape.

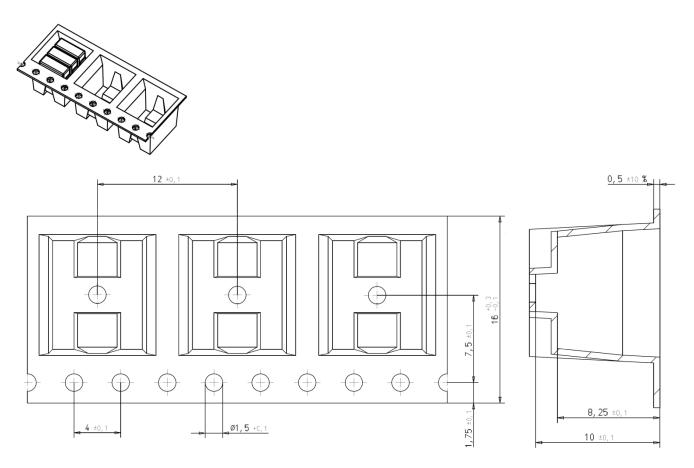




Ceramic capacitor for fast-switching power electronic circuits

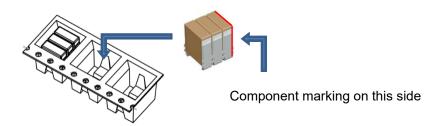
Flex Assembly (FA)

Blister tape for FA3



Part orientation

The part-orientation/polarity is the same for all CeraLink FA3 capacitors within the blister tape.





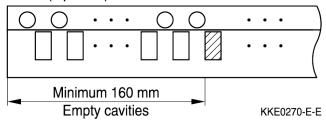
Ceramic capacitor for fast-switching power electronic circuits

Flex Assembly (FA)

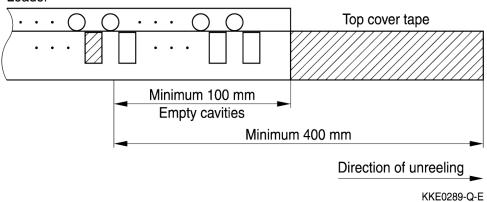
Taping information

- Trailer: There is a minimum of 160 mm of carrier tape with empty compartments and sealed by the cover tape.
- Leader: There is a minimum of 400 mm of cover tape, which includes at least 100 mm of carrier tape with empty compartments.

Trailer (tape end)

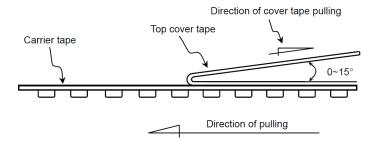


Leader



Fixing peeling strength (top tape)

The peeling strength is 0.1 to 1.3 N.

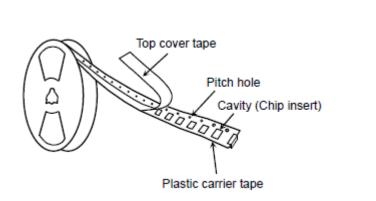


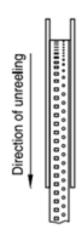


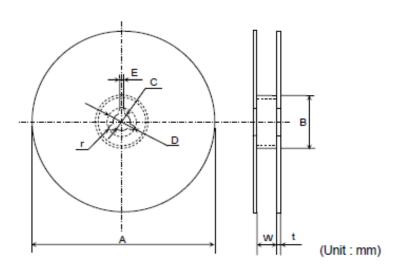
Ceramic capacitor for fast-switching power electronic circuits

Flex Assembly (FA)

Reel packing







	FA2 & FA3 Type 330-mm reel	FA2 & FA3 Type 180-mm reel
Α	330 ±2	180 ±3
В	62 ±1	62 ±1
С	12.8 +0.7	13.1 ±0.5
D	19.1 min.	19.1 min.
E	1.6 ±0.5	2.1 ±0.5
W	16.4 +2	17.0 -0.5 / +2

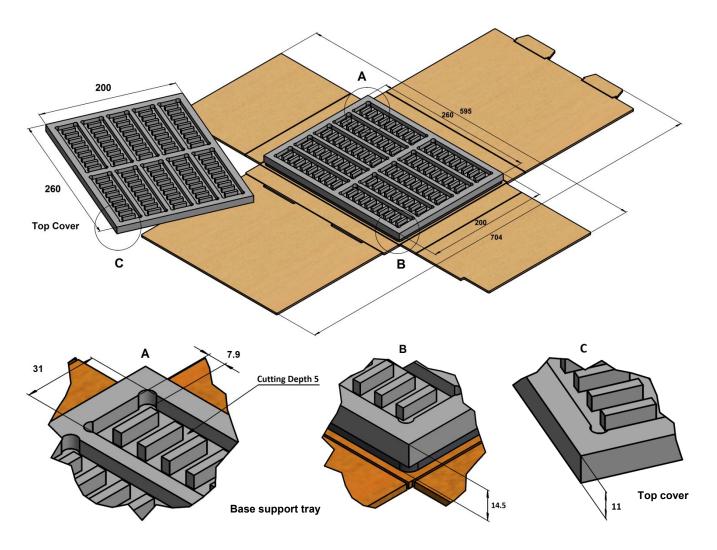
Dimensions in mm



Ceramic capacitor for fast-switching power electronic circuits

Flex Assembly (FA)

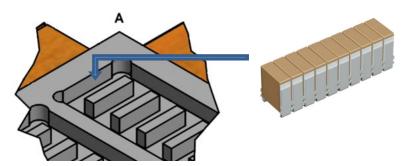
Cardboard box for FA10



Dimensions in mm

Part orientation

The part-orientation/polarity is the same for all CeraLink FA10 capacitors within the tray. Parts are placed with leadframes facing base support tray as shown.

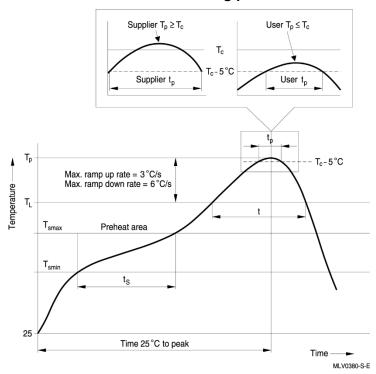




Ceramic capacitor for fast-switching power electronic circuits

Flex Assembly (FA)

Recommended reflow-soldering profile



Profile feature		SAC, Sn95.5Ag3.8Cu0.7 @ N₂ atmosphere
Preheat and soak		
- Temperature min	T _{smin}	+150 °C
- Temperature max	T _{smax}	+200 °C
- Time	t _{smin} to t _{smax}	60 120 seconds
Average ramp-up rate	T _L to T _p	3 °C/second max.
Liquidus temperature	T∟	+217 °C
Time at liquidus temperature	t∟	60 150 seconds
Peak package body temperature	T _p ¹⁾	245 °C 260 °C max. ²⁾
Time (t _p) ³⁾ within +5 °C of specified		30 seconds ³⁾
classification temperature (T _c)		
Average ramp-down rate	T _p to T _L	+6 °C/second max.
Time +25 °C to peak temperature		maximum 8 minutes

¹⁾ Tolerance for peak profile temperature (Tp) is defined as a supplier minimum and a user maximum.

Notes:

- Note that the component is designed for reflow soldering. Consult TDK if other soldering processes are considered.
- All temperatures refer to topside of the package, measured on the package body surface.
- Max. number of reflow cycles: 3
- After the soldering process, the capacitance is lowered. Applying V_R to the device will re-establish the capacitance.
- The proposed soldering profile is based on IEC 60068-2-58 (respectively JEDEC J-STD-020D) recommendations.

²⁾ Depending on package thickness (cf. JEDEC J-STD-020D).

³⁾ Tolerance for time at peak profile temperature (tp) is defined as a supplier minimum and a user maximum.



Ceramic capacitor for fast-switching power electronic circuits Flex Assembly (FA)

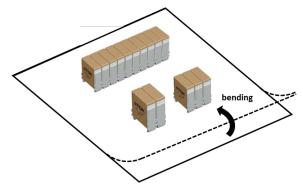
General technical information

Storage

- In order to maintain solderability the components must be stored in a non-corrosive atmosphere. Humidity, temperature, and container materials are critical factors.
- Only store CeraLink capacitors in their original packaging. Do not open the package before storage or prior to processing. Touching the metallization of unsoldered components may change their soldering properties.
- Storage conditions in original packaging: temperature: -25 to +45 °C, relative humidity: ≤ 75% annual average, ≤ 95% on max. 30 days in a year, dew precipitation and wetness are inadmissible.
- Do not store CeraLink capacitors where they are exposed to heat or direct sunlight. Otherwise, the packaging material may be deformed or CeraLink may stick together, causing problems during mounting. After opening the factory seals, such as polyvinyl-sealed packages, use the components as soon as possible.
- Avoid contamination of the CeraLink surface during storage, handling, and processing.
- Avoid storing CeraLink devices in harmful environments where they are exposed to corrosive gases (e.g. SOx, CI).
- Use CeraLink as soon as possible after opening factory seals such as polyvinyl-sealed packages.
- The product is recommended to be soldered within 12 months after shipment. Check solderability in case extended shelf life beyond the expiry date is needed.

Handling

- Do not drop CeraLink components or allow them to be chipped.
- Do not clamp CeraLink components on the face sides (e.g. during pick-and-place). A vacuum-based pick-and-place process picking the component on the top side is recommended.
- Do not touch CeraLink with your bare hands gloves are recommended.
- Avoid contamination of the CeraLink surface during handling.
- Washing processes to remove e.g. flux are recommended but should be used with caution since they may damage the product due to the possible static or cyclic mechanical loads (e.g. ultrasonic cleaning). Mechanical loads which may cause cracks to develop on the product and its parts must be avoided, since this might lead to reduced reliability or lifetime.
- The CeraLink FA series uses copper-invar lead frames to prevent mechanical stress to the ceramic. Too much bending causes open mode. Avoid high mechanical stress like twisting after soldering on a PCB.





Ceramic capacitor for fast-switching power electronic circuits Flex Assembly (FA)

Mounting

- Do not subject CeraLink devices to mechanical stress when encapsulating them with sealing material or overmolding with plastic material. Encapsulation may lead to worse heat dissipation too. Please ask for further information.
- Make sure the CeraLink component is not damaged before, during or after the mounting process (e.g. during pick and place)
- Do not scratch the electrodes before, during or after the mounting process.
- Avoid high mechanical stress like twisting or bending of the PCB close to the soldered CeraLink.
- Make sure contacts and housings used for assembly with CeraLink components are clean before mounting.
- The surface temperature of an operating CeraLink can be higher than the ambient temperature. Ensure that adjacent components are placed at a sufficient distance from a CeraLink to allow proper cooling.
- Avoid contamination of the CeraLink surface during processing.

Soldering guidelines

- The use of mild, non-activated fluxes for soldering is recommended, as well as proper cleaning of the PCB.
- Complete removal of flux is recommended to avoid surface contamination that can result in an instable and/or high leakage current.
- Use resin-type or non-activated flux.
- Bear in mind that insufficient preheating may cause ceramic cracks.
- Rapid cooling by dipping in solvent is not recommended, otherwise a component may crack.
- Excessive usage of solder paste can reduce the mechanical robustness of the device, whereas insufficient solder may cause the CeraLink to detach from the PCB. Use an adequate amount of solder paste, but on the landing pads only.



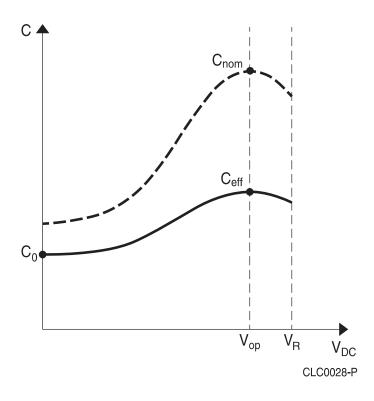
- If an unfavorable cleaning fluid is used, flux residue or foreign particles may stick to the CeraLink surface and deteriorate its insulation resistance. Insufficient or improper cleaning of the CeraLink may cause damage to the component.
- Excessive washing like ultrasonic cleaning, can affect the connection between the ceramic chip and the outer electrode. To avoid this, we give the following recommendation:
 - Power: 20 W/I max.
 - Frequency: 40 kHz max.
 - Washing time: 5 minutes max.



Ceramic capacitor for fast-switching power electronic circuits

Flex Assembly (FA)

Glossary



Initial capacitance C_0 : Is the value at the origin of the hysteresis without any applied direct

voltage.

Effective capacitance C_{eff}: Occurs at V_{op} and is measured with an applied ripple voltage of

0.5 V AC (RMS) and 1 kHz. The CeraLink is designed to have its

highest capacitance value at the operating voltage Vop.

Nominal capacitance C_{nom}: Is the value derived by the tangent of the mean hysteresis as the

derivative of the mean hysteresis is C = dQ/dV.

See our <u>CeraLink Technical Guide</u> for further details.



Ceramic capacitor for fast-switching power electronic circuits Flex Assembly (FA)

Symbols and terms

AC Alternating current

C₀ Initial capacitance @ 0 V DC, 0.5 V AC (RMS), 1 kHz, +25 °C

C_{eff,typ} Typical effective capacitance @ V_{op}, 0.5 V AC (RMS), 1 kHz, +25 °C

C_{nom,typ} Typical nominal capacitance @ V_{op}, quasistatic, +25 °C. See glossary for definition of

the nominal capacitance

DC Direct current FA Flex assembly

ESL Equivalent serial inductance ESR Equivalent serial resistance

l_{op} Operating ripple current, root mean square value of sinusoidal AC current

PCB Printed circuit board

PLZT Lead lanthanum zirconium titanate

 R_{ins} Insulation resistance @ $V_{pk,max}$, measurement time t = 7 s, +25 °C $R_{ins,typ}$ Insulation resistance @ V_{op} , measurement time t > 240 s, +25 °C

SAC Tin silver copper alloy; lead-free solder paste

T_{amb} Ambient temperature

tanδ Dissipation factor @ 0 V DC, 0.5 V AC (RMS),1 kHz, +25 °C

T_{device} Device temperature (measured on ceramic surface).

 $T_{\text{device}} = T_{\text{amb}} + \Delta T$ (ΔT defines the self-heating of the device due to applied current).

 T_{max} Max. device temperature, $T_{max} = +150$ °C. Reference temperature for reliability tests

 T_{min} Min. device temperature, $T_{min} = -40$ °C.

V_{op} Operating voltage at maximum attenuation capability

 V_R Rated voltage for $T_{device} \le T_{max}$. Depends on the temperature derating conditions

defined on page 4 and can be higher than V_{R,Tmax}

V_{R,Tmax} Rated voltage for T_{max}. Reference DC voltage for reliability tests

V AC (RMS) Root mean square value of sinusoidal AC voltage

V_{pk,max} Maximum peak operating voltage (e.g. voltage overshoots or surge pulses which

occur < 5% of total component lifecycle). Not for continuous operation.

ΔT Increase of temperature during operation



Ceramic capacitor for fast-switching power electronic circuits

Flex Assembly (FA)

Cautions and warnings

General

- Not for use in resonant circuits, where a voltage of alternating polarity occurs.
- Not for AC applications. Consult our local representative for further details.
- If used in snubber circuits, ensure that the sum of all voltages remains at the same polarity.
- Ultimately, it is always the customers' responsibility to check and decide whether this product with the properties described in this data sheet is suitable for use in a specific application in such a way that the risk of a malfunction of the products leading to personal injury or property damage to third parties is excluded.
- Depending on the individual application, CeraLink components are electrically connected to voltages and currents, which are potentially dangerous for life and health of the operator. Installation and operation of CeraLink must be done only by authorized personnel. Ensure proper and safe connections, couplers, and drivers.
- Caution: CeraLink components are highly efficient charge storing devices. Even when disconnected from a supply, the electrical energy content of a loaded component can be high and is held for a long time. Always ensure a complete discharging of the component (e.g. via a 10 kΩ resistor) before handling. Do not discharge by simple short-circuiting, because of the risk of damaging the ceramic.
- Electrical charges can be generated on disconnected components by varying load or temperature. Caution: Discharge a CeraLink before connecting it to a measuring component/electronics, when this component is not sufficiently voltage proved.

See Important notes section for further details.

Design notes

- Consider derating at higher operating temperatures. As a rule, lower temperatures and voltages increase the lifetime of CeraLink devices.
- If steep surge current edges are to be expected, make sure your design is as low-inductive as possible.
- In some cases, the malfunctioning of passive electronic components or failure before the end of their service life cannot be completely ruled out in the current state of the art, even if they are operated as specified. In applications requiring a very high level of operational safety and especially when the malfunction or failure of a passive electronic component could endanger human life or health (e.g. in accident prevention, life-saving systems, or automotive battery line applications such as clamp 30), ensure by suitable design of the application or other measures (e.g. installation of protective circuitry, fuse or redundancy) that no injury or damage is sustained by third parties in the event of such a malfunction or failure.
- Specified values only apply to CeraLink components that have not been subject to prior electrical, mechanical, or thermal damage. The use of CeraLink devices in line-to-ground applications is therefore not advisable, and it is only allowed together with safety countermeasures such as thermal fuses.



Ceramic capacitor for fast-switching power electronic circuits Flex Assembly (FA)

Operation

- Use CeraLink only within the specified operating temperature range.
- Use CeraLink only within specified voltage and current ranges.
- The CeraLink must be operated in a dry atmosphere, which must not contain any additional chemical vapors or substances.
- Environmental conditions must not harm the CeraLink. Use the capacitors under normal atmospheric conditions only. A reduction of the oxygen partial pressure to below 1 mbar is not permissible.
- Prevent a CeraLink from contacting liquids and solvents.
- Avoid dewing and condensation.
- During operation, the CeraLink can produce audible noise due to its piezoelectric characteristic.
- CeraLink components are mainly designed for encased applications. Under all circumstances avoid exposure to:
 - direct sunlight
 - rain or condensation
 - steam, saline spray
 - corrosive gases
 - atmosphere with reduced oxygen content

This listing does not claim to be complete, but merely reflects the experience of TDK.

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- 2. We also point out that in individual cases, a malfunction of electronic components or failure before the end of their usual service life cannot be completely ruled out in the current state of the art, even if they are operated as specified. In customer applications requiring a very high level of operational safety and especially in customer applications in which the malfunction or failure of an electronic component could endanger human life or health (e.g. in accident prevention or life-saving systems), it must therefore be ensured by means of suitable design of the customer application or other action taken by the customer (e.g. installation of protective circuitry or redundancy) that no injury or damage is sustained by third parties in the event of malfunction or failure of an electronic component.
- 3. The warnings, cautions and product-specific notes must be observed.
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Important notes

8. The trade names EPCOS, CarXield, CeraCharge, CeraDiode, CeraLink, CeraPad, CeraPlas, CSMP, CTVS, DeltaCap, DigiSiMic, FilterCap, FormFit, InsuGate, LeaXield, MediPlas, MiniBlue, MiniCell, MKD, MKK, ModCap, MotorCap, PCC, PhaseCap, PhaseCube, PhaseMod, PhiCap, PiezoBrush, PlasmaBrush, PowerHap, PQSine, PQvar, SIFERRIT, SIFI, SIKOREL, SilverCap, SIMDAD, SiMic, SIMID, SineFormer, SIOV, SurfIND, ThermoFuse, WindCap, XieldCap are trademarks registered or pending in Europe and in other countries. Further information will be found on the Internet at www.tdk-electronics.tdk.com/trademarks.

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